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C-CGB-0102

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: :
: :
Peter Jordan, et al. :
: :
Serial No.: 10/615,999 : Group Art Unit: 2833
: :
Filed: July 09, 2003 : Examiner: Tho Dac Ta
: :
For: CONNECTION-SWITCH :
ARRANGEMENT :

CLAIM FOR PRIORITY AND
SUBMITTAL OF PRIORITY DOCUMENT

Hon. Commissioner for Patents October 06, 2004
Washington D.C. 20231 Los Angeles, CA 90024

Enclosed is a certified copy of the following Great Britain patent application:

Great Britain application no. GB 0216111.5 filed 11 July, 2002.

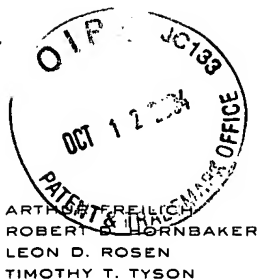
Applicants claim priority in US patent application SN 10/615,999 filed July 09, 2003, from the above Great Britain patent application GB 0216111.5 filed July 11, 2002.

Respectfully submitted,

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October 06, 2004

C-CGE-0102

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In re Application of:

Examiner: Tho Dac Ta

Peter Jordan, et al.

Group Art Unit: 2833

For: CONNECTION-SWITCH ARRANGEMENT

Serial No.: 10/615,999

Filed: July 09, 2003

Dear Sir or Madam:

Enclosed are:

1. Issue Fee Transmittal (PTOL-85B) form.
2. Change of Attorney or Agent's Address in Application.
3. Amendment Submitted With Issue Fee.
4. Claim For Priority And Submittal Of Priority Document.
5. Certified Copy of Great Britain Patent 0216111.5
6. Our check in the amount of \$1,660.00 to cover Issue Fee and copies.
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Respectfully submitted,

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LDR/ks
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cc: Roger C. Turner, Esq.

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INVESTOR IN PEOPLE

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CERTIFIED COPY OF PRIORITY DOCUMENT

I, the undersigned, being an officer duly authorised in accordance with Section 74(1) and (4) of the Deregulation and Contracting Out Act 1994, to sign and issue certificates on behalf of the Comptroller-General, hereby certify that annexed hereto is a true copy of the documents originally filed in connection with the patent application identified therein together with the Statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a Patent (Form 7/77), which was subsequently filed.

In accordance with the Patents (Companies Re-registration) Rules 1982, if a company named in the certificate and any accompanying documents has re-registered under the Companies Act 1985 with the same name as that with which it was registered immediately before re-registration save for the substitution as, or inclusion as, the last part of the name of the words "public limited company" or their equivalents in Welsh, references to the name of the company in the certificate and any accompanying documents shall be treated as references to the name with which it is so re-registered.

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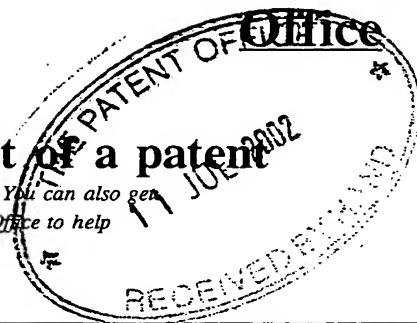
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Request for grant of a patent

(See the notes on the back of this form. You can also get an explanatory leaflet from the Patent Office to help you fill in this form)



12JUL82 ET32714-4 000032
P01/7700 0.90-0216111.5

The Patent Office

Cardiff Road
Newport
Gwent NP9 1RH

1. Your reference NJE/DSH/P19003GB

2. Patent application number
(The Patent Office will fill in this part)

0216111.5

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of
each applicant (underline all surnames)

ITT Manufacturing Enterprises, Inc.
1105 North Market Street
Suite 1217
Wilmington
Delaware 19801
U.S.A.

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

7160864003

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the
country/state of its incorporation

United States of America (Delaware)

4. Title of the invention

PCB-Mounted Switch

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

ELKINGTON AND FIFE

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom
to which all correspondence should be sent
(including the postcode)

ELKINGTON AND FIFE
PROSPECT HOUSE
8 PEMBROKE ROAD
SEVENOAKS
KENT
TN13 1XR

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

67004

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more
earlier patent applications, give the country
and the date of filing of the or each of these
earlier applications and (if you know it) the or
each application number

Country

Priority application number
(if you know it)

Date of Filing
(day/month/year)

7. If this application is divided or otherwise
derived from an earlier UK application,
give the number and the filing date of
the earlier application

Number of earlier application

Date of Filing
(day/month/year)

Patents Form 1/77

8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right
grant of a patent required in support of
this request? (Answer "Yes" if:

Yes

- a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
- b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or
- c) any named applicant is a corporate body.

See note (d))

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Continuation sheets of this form	0
Description	7
Claim(s)	3
Abstract	1
Drawing(s)	3

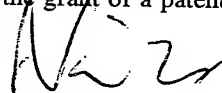
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Priority documents	0
Translations of priority documents	0
Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)	0
Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)	1
Request for substantive examination (Patents Form 10/77)	0
Any other documents (please specify)	0

11.

I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature



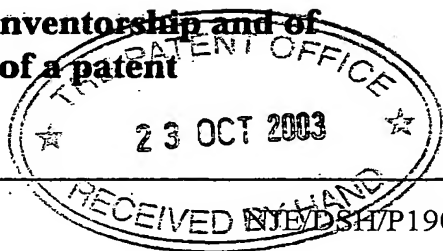
Date

11 July 2002

12. Name and daytime telephone number of
person to contact in the United Kingdom

Mr Nick Ertl
01732 458881

**Statement of inventorship and of
right to grant of a patent**



The Patent Office

Cardiff Road
Newport
South Wales
NP9 1RH

1. Your reference NI/DSP/19003GB
2. Patent application number 0216111.5
(if you know it)
3. Full name of the or of each applicant ITT Manufacturing Enterprises, Inc.

4. Title of the invention PCB-Mounted Switch

5. State how the applicant(s) derived the right
from the inventor(s) to be granted a patent

The inventors are employees of the applicant

6. How many, if any, additional Patents Forms
7/77 are attached to this form? 0
(see note (c))

7. I/We believe that the person(s) named over the page (and on
any extra copies of this form) is/are the inventor(s) of the invention
which the above patent application relates to.

Signature

Date 22 October 2003

8. Name and daytime telephone number of
person to contact in the United Kingdom Nick Ertl
01732 458881

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Enter the full names, addresses and postcodes of the inventors in the boxes and underline the surnames

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Reminder

Have you signed the form?

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PCB-MOUNTED SWITCH

DUPLICATE

This invention relates to switches for mounting on printed circuit boards, and more particularly, but not exclusively, to switches designed as coaxial connectors for radio
5 frequency signals.

Coaxial connectors are well known for connecting coaxial cables to electrical equipment. For example, GB 2307113 describes a coaxial connector which enables an external aerial to be connected to a mobile telephone. The connector effectively comprises a switch having first
10 and second contacts which include portions for connection to the printed circuit board. A moveable beam extends between the first and second contacts, the beam being biased into a position in which it connects together electrically the two contacts. One of the contacts is coupled to receiving and transmitting circuitry, and the other contact is connected to an internal aerial. The connector comprises a housing having an opening in one face which gives
15 access to a contact portion of the beam. A pressure applied by a coaxial plug connector to the contact portion of the beam moves the beam so as to break the electrical contact between the transmitting and receiving circuitry and the internal aerial, and instead to couple an external aerial to the receiving and transmitting circuitry.

20 The coaxial connector plug, which is associated with the external aerial, has a projecting part to enter the opening of the housing and to make contact with the beam, so that the beam may be displaced by insertion of the coaxial plug connector.

One problem with existing designs of this type is that the nominal displacement of the beam
25 must be sufficient to ensure adequate separation of the contact made by the beam, even if there are differences in the dimensions of the projecting part of the plug connector or the switch itself, for example resulting from manufacturing tolerances. Therefore, the required displacement of the beam between the two contact positions can result in premature failure of the material of the beam as a result of the repeated bending stresses applied to portions of the
30 beam. This requires the dimensions of the beam to be enlarged.

According to the present invention, there is provided a switch arrangement comprising a

switch for mounting on a printed circuit board and an adapter for actuating the switch, wherein the switch comprises:

- a housing having an opening in one face;
- first and second contacts including portions for connection to the board;
- 5 a moveable beam extending between the first and second contacts, the beam being biased into a position in which it connects together electrically the two contacts;

wherein the switch mounted on the printed circuit board defines a stop for limiting the movement of the beam, and wherein the adapter comprises a sprung contact for causing movement of the beam and for making electrical contact with the beam.

10

This arrangement enables the required movement of the beam to be reduced, and allows tolerances to be taken up in the adapter, specifically by providing a spring loaded adapter contact. The beam is subject to reduced stress which allows miniaturisation, increased manufacturing tolerances and/or the use of lower tensile materials.

15

The adapter is designed to engage with the switch with predetermined relative positions of the switch and adapter. For example, they may clip together, or else may be brought together in a fixed positional way when components carrying the switch and adapter are mated together.

20

The adapter may comprise a coaxial connector, wherein when the coaxial connector is received by the switch a central connector of the coaxial connector electrically contacts one of the first and second contacts through the beam, and the first and second contacts are disconnected from each other.

25

The beam is preferably integral with one of the first and second contacts. For example, the beam may comprise a first substantially flat portion and a second portion extending downwardly towards the printed circuit board from the first portion. The movement of the beam can then be limited by the distance between the second portion and the stop. The beam and its integral contact can be stamped from a single piece.

30

When the switch is mounted on a printed circuit board, the stop can be defined by an area of the printed circuit board. This reduces to a minimum the overall height of the switch.

However, the stop can be defined by a portion of the switch.

The invention also provides electrical equipment having a switch arrangement of the invention provided in the path between an integral aerial of the equipment and a transmitter/receiver circuit, and being provided for disconnecting the integral aerial when the adapter of a
5 substitute aerial is introduced and thereby to connect the substitute aerial to the transmitter/receiver circuit. The equipment may be a mobile phone and the adapter may be a docking station for the mobile phone.

10 According to another aspect of the invention, there is provided a switch for mounting on a printed circuit board comprising:

a housing having an opening in one face;

first and second contacts including portions for connection to the board;

a moveable beam extending between the first and second contacts, the beam being
15 biased into a position in which it connects together electrically the two contacts;

wherein with the switch mounted on the printed circuit, a stop is defined by the printed circuit board for limiting the movement of the beam.

The invention will now be described by way of example, with reference to and as shown in the
20 accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 shows a known coaxial connector assembly for explaining the basic function of the component;

Figure 2 shows a cross section of a switch arrangement of the invention, with the adapter away from the switch; and

25 Figure 3 shows a cross section of a switch arrangement of the invention, with the adapter engaged with the switch;

Figure 4 shows the design of the contacts in more detail; and

Figure 5 shows a mobile telephone and docking station (or test equipment) using a connector arrangement of the invention.

30

Figure 1 shows a known connector assembly. The assembly comprises a switch part 10 and a coaxial adapter part 100 in the form of a connector plug. The switch part 10 is provided for

coupling a first contact 12 to a second contact, not shown in Figure 1, on the opposite side of the switch 10. The contacts 12 comprise a metal structure embedded or mounted in an insulating housing 16. A connecting beam extends between the first and second contacts. The contacts and the beam are mounted in an outer housing 20, one face of which is provided with a receiving region 24 including an opening 26. The coaxial adapter 100 is adapted to be received in the receiving region 24, in such a way as to displace the beam (not shown in Figure 1) so as to break the connection between the first and second contacts. In such a case, electrical contact is made between one of the contacts and a central terminal of the coaxial adapter 100.

The switch part 10 is adapted to be mounted on a printed circuit board, and in particular the contacts are arranged to be connected to tracks on the printed circuit board.

The general operating principle of the coaxial connector assembly as described above is known in the art. This invention is concerned with the particular contact arrangement of the beam, and the coaxial adapter 100.

Figure 2 shows the components of the switch arrangement of the invention, with the coaxial adapter 100 separated from the switch part 10. Where the same components are used in the assembly described with reference to Figure 1, the same reference numerals have been used.

The beam 18 is shown in Figure 2, and extends between the first and second contacts 12, 14. The beam 18 effectively comprises part of the contact 14 and is formed from a single stamped item. The beam 18 is biased into a position in which it connects together electrically the two contacts 12, 14. In the arrangement of Figure 2, the beam is biased upwardly by the elbow 30. The beam 18 has a first substantially flat portion 32, and a second portion 34 extending downwardly towards the printed circuit board 36 from the first portion 32. In this way, the downward movement of the beam 18 is limited by the distance between the second portion 34 and the printed circuit board 36, which acts as a stop.

This limited distance reduces the stress in the contact beam. This enables it to be made smaller whilst still avoiding over-stressing. This switch can also be designed to have a lower

height over the printed circuit board 36.

The housing 20 may comprise a plastics insulating body 37 which retains the contacts 12, 14.
A cap 38 defines a conducting surface which may be connected to a ground terminal on the
5 printed circuit board 36.

Figure 3 shows the configuration of the switch 10 with the adapter 100 in position. The
adapter 100 essentially comprises a coaxial connector with a central inner contact 102 and an
outer sleeve 104 which defines an outer contact. In the example shown, the outer sleeve 104
10 has inward projections 106 which lock with corresponding recesses of the cap 38. In this way,
the adapter can click into place over the switch. The coupling between the cap 38 and the
outer sleeve 104 also results in the outer sleeve 104 being connected to ground.

The central contact 102 is spring loaded and projects beyond an end face 110 of the adapter.
15 With the adapter inserted as shown in Figure 3, the sprung central contact 102 is pressed
against the beam 18 and thereby pushes the beam downwardly against the printed circuit
board, acting as a stop. This breaks the electrical connection between the contacts 12, 14, and
instead creates electrical contact between the central contact 102 and the contact 14.

20 The contact 102 is biased with a force greater than the force required to deflect the beam 18, so
that the beam is initially deflected to the stop position, and any additional movement of the
adapter 100 before it is clicked into place can then be taken up by the spring loading of the
central contact 102. The spring loading mechanism is not shown in Figure 3, but it allows
movement in the direction of arrow 112. For this purpose, the contact 102 is slidably received
25 in a bore within an annular insulator 114 of the adapter. Electrical contact within the adapter
to the central contact 102 can be made through a compression spring, although other spring-
loaded pin arrangements will be apparent to those skilled in the art.

The combination of the small displacement beam 18 and the spring loaded adapter contact
30 enable manufacturing tolerances to be accommodated whilst enabling a reduction in size of the
switch.

In use of the device shown in Figures 2 and 3, the switch 10 is mounted on the printed circuit board 36, with downward facing parts of the first and second contacts 12, 14 being soldered to tracks of the printed circuit board. Alternatively, the switch 10 may be bonded to the printed circuit board using a conducting adhesive. A connection is also provided between the cap 38 and a ground potential line on the printed circuit board.

A preferred use of the coaxial connector assembly is for introducing radio frequency signals to a printed circuit board carrying receiving and transmitting circuitry. Thus, the switch 10 may be mounted on the printed circuit board of a mobile telephone. In this case, the first contact 12 is coupled by the printed circuit board to receiving and transmitting circuitry, and the second contact 14 is coupled to an internal antenna of the mobile telephone. In the absence of the coaxial adapter 100, the switch 10 couples these two components together. However, upon introduction of the adapter 100, the internal aerial is disconnected from the receiving and transmitting circuitry, and instead an external aerial, which supplies signals to (or receives signals from) the adapter 100, is connected to the receiving and transmitting circuitry.

For testing of the correct functioning of the switch 10, the adapter can be part of a component testing apparatus. The switch may be mounted on a test board for the purpose of testing, or of course it may be tested in the finished product when properly mounted on the printed circuit board of the apparatus using the switch.

Figure 4 shows in greater detail the design of the contacts 12, 14 shown in Figures 2 and 3. The contact 14 is integral with the beam 18, and the beam 18 has a first flat portion 32 in the shape of an annulus, having a central opening 40. A second portion 34 extends downwardly (namely towards the printed circuit board) from the first portion 32. This second portion is formed from material which, in a flat blank, partially occupies the space of the opening 40. This blank is then stamped or pressed to form the contact 14 as shown. A lowest part of the second portion 34 is parallel with the first portion 32 and provides a contact face for the central connector of the adapter. The movement of the beam is limited by the distance between the lowest part and the printed circuit board when the switch is mounted.

Figure 5 shows schematically one application of the coaxial connector assembly of the

invention. The switch 10 is provided on the printed circuit board of a mobile telephone 200 and a recessed opening 202 is provided for access to the switch 10. A docking station 210, acting as a cradle for the mobile phone 200, is provided with the adapter 100. When the mobile phone 200 is detached from the cradle 210 the switch 10 serves to connect the internal
5 aerial 204 to the receiving and transmitting circuitry, whereas when the mobile phone 200 is docked into the cradle 210 the receiving and transmitting circuitry is connected through the coaxial connector of the adapter 100 to a substitute external aerial. Of course, additional connections may be provided for charging the battery of the mobile phone 200 or for transmitting other information to or from the mobile phone 200.

10

Although the construction described above is particularly suitable for the production of a switched RF connector, the coaxial connector assembly of the invention will be applicable for various other applications, as will be apparent to those skilled in the art.

15 In the example above, the stop for limiting movement of the beam is defined by the printed circuit board. Instead, the stop may be defined by a portion of the switch. Also, the stop may itself be a contact so that the deflection of the beam brings the beam into contact with another contact of the printed circuit board.

20

Claims

1. A switch arrangement comprising a switch for mounting on a printed circuit board and an adapter for actuating the switch, wherein the switch comprises:
 - 5 a housing having an opening in one face;
 - first and second contacts including portions for connection to the board;
 - a moveable beam extending between the first and second contacts, the beam being biased into a position in which it connects together electrically the two contacts;
 - wherein the switch mounted on the printed circuit board defines a stop for limiting the
 - 10 movement of the beam, and wherein the adapter comprises a sprung contact for causing movement of the beam and for making electrical contact with the beam.
2. A switch arrangement as claimed in claim 1, wherein the adapter comprises a coaxial connector, and wherein when the coaxial connector is received by the switch a central
- 15 connector of the coaxial connector electrically contacts one of the first and second contacts through the beam, and the first and second contacts are disconnected from each other.
4. A switch arrangement as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein the beam is integral with one of the first and second contacts.
- 20
5. A switch arrangement as claimed in claim 4, wherein the beam comprises a first substantially flat portion and a second portion extending downwardly towards the printed circuit board from the first portion, wherein the movement of the beam is limited by the distance between the second portion and the stop.
- 25
6. A switch arrangement as claimed in claim 5, wherein the central connector is for contacting the second portion.
7. A switch arrangement as claimed in claim 5 or 6, wherein the first portion has an
- 30 annular region, the second portion extending downwardly in the opening defined by the annular region.

8. A switch arrangement as claimed in claim 7, wherein the second portion is stamped from material inside the annular region.

9. A switch arrangement as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein when the switch is
5 mounted on a printed circuit board, the stop is defined by an area of the printed circuit board.

10. A switch arrangement as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein the sprung contact is spring biased into a position in which it extends from the adapter.

10 11. A switch arrangement as claimed any preceding claim, wherein the adapter is part of a component testing apparatus.

12. Electrical equipment having a switch arrangement as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 10, the switch being provided in the path between an integral aerial of the equipment and a
15 transmitter/receiver circuit, and being provided for disconnecting the integral aerial when a the adapter of a substitute aerial is introduced and thereby to connect the substitute aerial to the transmitter/receiver circuit.

13. Electrical equipment as claimed in claim 12, comprising a mobile telephone.
20

14. Electrical equipment as claimed in claim 13 wherein the adapter is part of a docking station.

15. A switch for mounting on a printed circuit board comprising:
25 a housing having an opening in one face;
first and second contacts including portions for connection to the board;
a moveable beam extending between the first and second contacts, the beam being biased into a position in which it connects together electrically the two contacts;
wherein with the switch mounted on the printed circuit, a stop is define d by the printed
30 circuit board for limiting the movement of the beam.

16. A switch as claimed in claim 15, wherein the beam comprises a first substantially flat

portion and a second portion extending downwardly towards the printed circuit board from the first portion, wherein the movement of the beam is limited by the distance between the second portion and the stop.

5 17. A switch as claimed in claim 16, wherein the first portion has an annular region, the second portion extending downwardly in the opening defined by the annular region.

18. A switch as claimed in claim 17, wherein the second portion is stamped from material inside the annular region.

~~19. A switch as claimed in claim 17, wherein the second portion is stamped from material inside the annular region.~~

Abstract**PCB-MOUNTED SWITCH**

5 A switch arrangement has a switch having a moveable beam extending between two contacts, the beam being biased into a position in which it connects together electrically the two contacts. A stop is provided for limiting the movement of the beam. An adapter for actuating the switch has a sprung contact for causing movement of the beam and for making electrical contact with the beam. This enables the required movement of the beam to be
10 reduced, and allows tolerances to be taken up in the adapter, specifically by providing a spring-loaded adapter contact. The beam is subject to reduced stress which allows miniaturisation, increased manufacturing tolerances and/or the use of lower tensile materials.

[Fig. 2]

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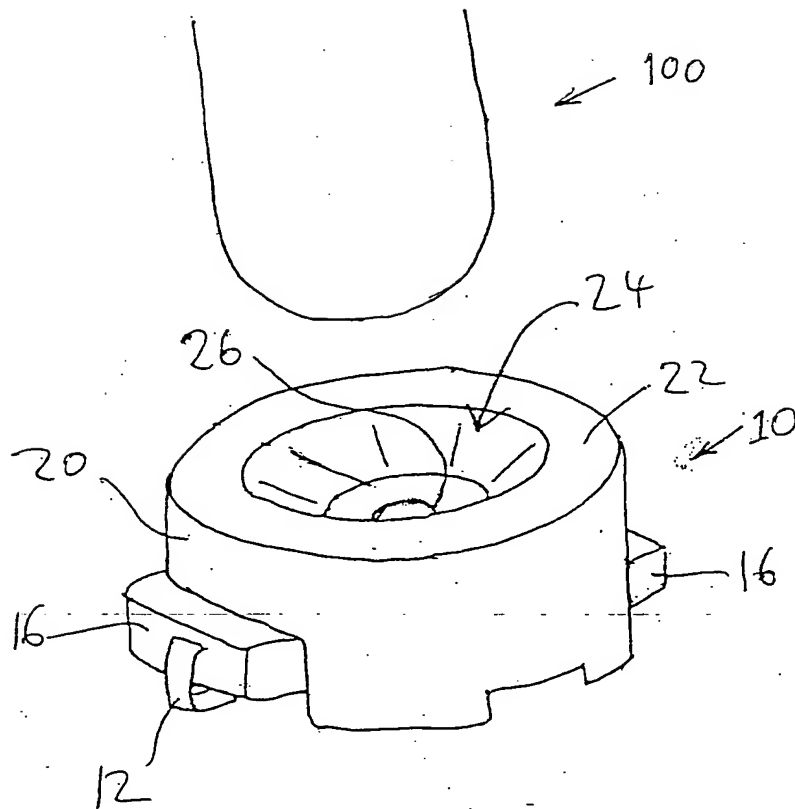
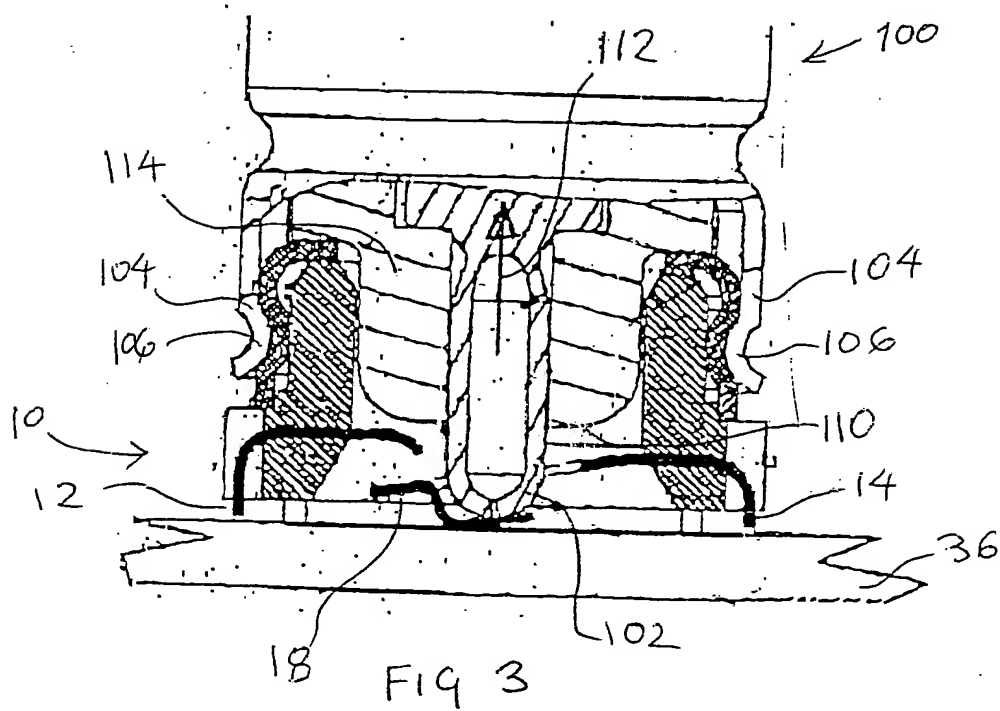
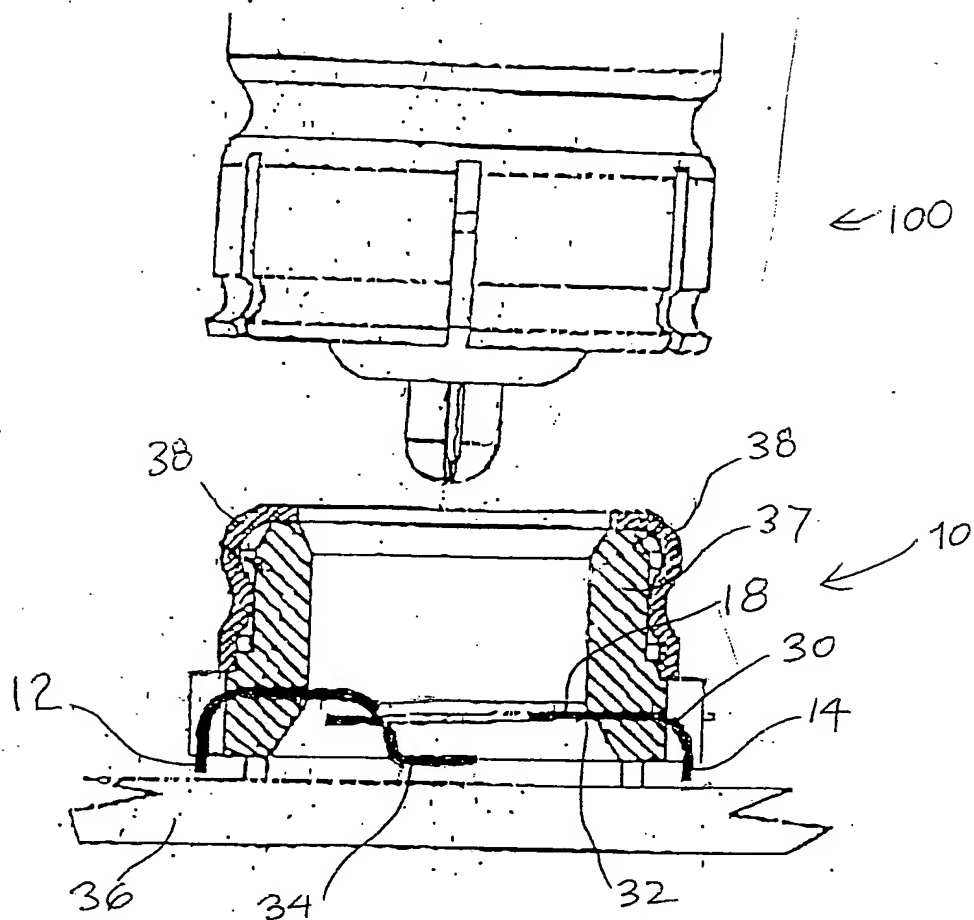


FIG. 1

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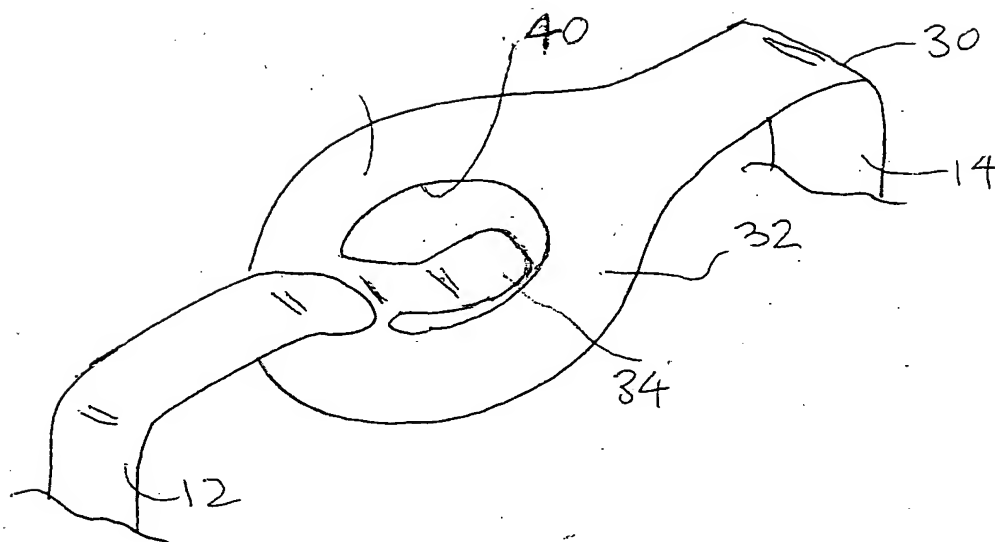


FIG. 4

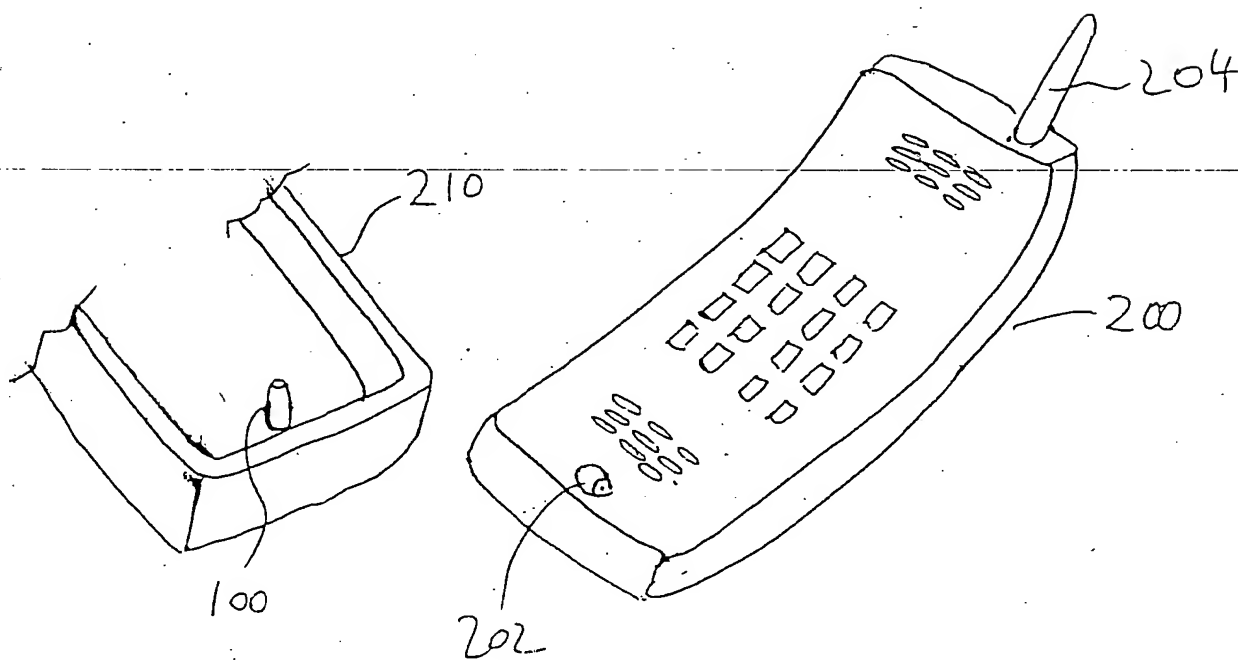


FIG. 5

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